

1. When did Pylyp Orlyk come to power?
 - A. After Ivan Mazepa
 - B. After Bohdan Khmelnytsky
 - C. After Yaroslav Mudry
 - D. After Evhen Konovaletz

2. Why was the constitution of Pylyp Orlyk also called the "Benderska Constitution"?
 - A. Because Stepan Bandera helped write it
 - B. Bendersky signed the document, and his signature was most prominent
 - C. Because it was signed in a city called Bendery
 - D. Because the Benderska Constitution upheld the principles and ideals of OUN

3. When was the Benderska Constitution adopted?
 - A. July 4, 1776
 - B. March 9, 1814
 - C. April 5, 1710
 - D. June 30, 1941

4. Who was Pylyp Orlyk?
 - A. A writer from Poltava
 - B. The Head of OUN (Organization of Ukrainian Nationalists)
 - C. Hetman of Ukraine
 - D. A kniaz (Prince) of Ukraine

5. The constitution of Pylyp Orlyk contained the principles of separation of powers being the Executive, Legislative and Judicial branches of government
 - A. True
 - B. False

6. The constitution of Pylyp Orlyk was written after the constitution of the United States.
 - A. True
 - B. False

7. How did the Kozaky end up in Turkish Territory in 1709?
 - A. They were waiting for the Tatars to throw the Poles out of Ukraine
 - B. After their defeat in the Battle of Poltava, they escaped from the Russian army
 - C. They lost their will to fight for Ukraine
 - D. They were looking for new allies to help them fight the Mongols

8. What is the Haslo of this year's zlet?
 - A. Hartuysh!
 - B. Love Ukraine – Love Yourself!
 - C. Boh I Ukraina
 - D. As long as you exist, dream and search!

9. What is SUM's anthem?
 - A. Shche ne Vmerla Ukraina
 - B. Ukraina, Ridnyy Kray
 - C. Vhoru Praporu
 - D. Bozhe Velykyy

10. Which of the following is NOT a rule of Starshe Yunatstvo?
- A. Recognize and love Ukraine, protect her honor and be proud of being Ukrainian
 - B. Love and honor your parents, and always listen to them
 - C. Help the Church by promoting the Christian religion amongst other nationalities
 - D. Be good and fair and help others in need
11. A Yunak is a member of starshe yunatstvo when:
- A. After passing the third test of molodshe yunatstvo
 - B. After saying the obitnytsia
 - C. After getting the maroon tie
 - D. All of the above
12. The emblem of SUM:
- A. Has a black cross on a red background
 - B. Is in the form of the Ukrainian symbol, tryzub
 - C. Contains the number of your oseredok
 - D. Has green leaves with birds along the side
13. Who is the head of Krayova Uprava in SUM-A?
- A. Taras Chuprynka
 - B. Andriy Bihun
 - C. Volodymyr Ivasiuk
 - D. Myroslava Pidhirna
14. When was SUM started?
- A. 1950 B. 1910 C. 1930 D. 1925
15. What happened to the first head of SUM during the Kharkivsky Process?
- A. He organized the students in an uprising against the Russians
 - B. He left for Western Europe
 - C. He was arrested and sentenced to death
16. Which one of the following is NOT a rank in SUM?
- A. Polkovnyk
 - B. Vykhovnyk
 - C. Kulturnyk
 - D. Suspilnyk
17. Krayova Uprava SUM coordinates all the oseredky within the same country
- A. True B. False
18. Where is Poltavshchyna?
- A. Southern Ukraine
 - B. Central Ukraine on the left side of the Dnipro river
 - C. Western Ukraine
 - D. In the area which was once known as Kyivshchyna

19. What type of soil is in Poltavshchyna?
- A. Lowland, 90% chernozem, fields for agriculture and farming
 - B. Tundra, suitable for grazing
 - C. 40% desert/sandy soil, 60% swamp
 - D. Tropical rainforest where you would see parrots and toucans
20. Which notable persons were born in Poltavshchyna?
- A. Skovoroda, Kotliarevsky, Petliura
 - B. Franko, Khmelnytsky, Bandera
 - C. Shevchenko, Konovalts, Sheptytsky
 - D. Chuprynka, Ivasiuk, Ukrainka
21. Major cities in Poltavshchyna include:
- A. Kyiv, Poltava, Lutsk
 - B. Poltava, Odessa, Uzhorod
 - C. Myrhorod, Poltava, Kremenchuk
 - D. Mykolaiv, Dnipropetrovsk, Poltava
22. What is the population of Poltavshchyna?
- A. 5 million
 - B. 1.7 million
 - C. 150,000
 - D. 7.1 million
23. What event took place in Poltava?
- A. In 988, Volodymyr Velyky accepted Christianity for the Ukrainian nation
 - B. The Battle of Kruty took place, where 300 young soldiers died fighting for Ukraine
 - C. In 1814, Taras Shevchenko was born
 - D. In 1709, the Battle of Poltava took place, where Ivan Mazepa fought against Russia
24. What major industry is NOT found in Poltavshchyna:
- A. Ship building
 - B. Farming
 - C. Manufacturing of Trucks
 - D. Production of natural gas
25. Which of the following is NOT true about Ivan Kotliarevsky?
- A. He wrote the poem "Eneida"
 - B. He started modern Ukrainian language
 - C. He united all Slavic languages into one Ukrainian language
 - D. He wrote the opera, "Natalka Poltavka"
26. Which of the following are part of the national art of Poltavshchyna?
- A. Embroidery
 - B. Ceramics
 - C. Pysanky
 - D. All of the above

27. The Chervona Ruta festival influenced the Ukrainian youth because
- A. It started a new way of thinking, and prepared the youth in their battle for Independence
 - B. They loved rock and roll
 - C. They wanted to move from Ukraine to Russia
 - D. It started new, exotic festivals, like the Tsvit Paporot, and Didova Ripka

28. After the festival, who became interested in becoming political activists?
- A. Sportsmen
 - B. Government personnel
 - C. Soldiers
 - D. Students

29. The protest, "Live Chain", had an estimated how many participants?
- A. Nearly 3,000
 - B. Nearly 3,000,000
 - C. Over 20,000,000
 - D. All Ukrainians

30. The "Live Chain" connected hands from what two cities?
- A. Kyiv to Lviv
 - B. Kyiv to Chernivtsi
 - C. Kyiv to Chornobyl
 - D. Kyiv to Poltava

31. Who was one of the organizers of the Hunger Strike on Granite?
- A. UPA
 - B. SUM
 - C. USS
 - D. Plast

- 32-36 What do the parts of the SUM emblem represent?
- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| A. Pure thoughts | _____ | 1. Oak leaves |
| B. The road to volunteerism and work | _____ | 2. Acorns |
| C. Strength and might | _____ | 3. Sun rays |
| D. Symbol of hard work | _____ | 4. White letters SUM |

- 36-40. Match the following:
- | | | |
|---------------|-------|----------------------|
| A. Green tie | _____ | 1. Druzhynyky |
| B. Maroon tie | _____ | 2. Molodshe Unatstvo |
| C. Blue tie | _____ | 3. Seniors |
| D. Brown tie | _____ | 4. Starshe Unatstvo |

Describe one type of national art of Poltavshchyna.

The Chervona Ruta Festival had a tremendous symbolic effect toward Ukrainian independence. Give two examples of how this Festival changed the outlook of the generation.
